

All data taken at Pacific Northwest National Laboratory (PNNL)

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Composite spectrum for HBR_50T

Effective burden of composite spectrum: 1 part-per-million-meter (ppm-meter) at 296 K

Equivalent concentration x path-length of composite spectrum: 3.332×10^{-6} grams/liter-meter

Sample Conditions-

- Chemical name and CAS number: Hydrogen bromide, hydrobromic acid, HBr : [10035-10-6]
- Physical properties: M.W. 80.92 amu, F.P. -86 C, B.P. -66.4 C
- Supplier and stated purity: Aldrich, 99+%
- Sample class: II (PNNL scale). HBr is light sensitive and dissociates easily to Br_2 and H_2 .
- Temperature of sample: 49.97 ± 0.02 C
- Diluent: Sample back filled with ultra high purity nitrogen to 760 ± 5 Torr
- Individual samples at 1.117960, 42.144583, 30.845515, 21.189080, 10.823398 and 10.150689 Torr. Path length = 19.94 cm. Final data is a composite spectrum.
- Preparation: Multiple freeze-thaw cycles 77 K to remove air. Approximately 1% CO_2 found in sample after repeated distillations. Partial pressure of HBr corrected for CO_2 contamination for individual absorbance spectra, before composite created.

Instrument Parameters-

- Bruker-66V FTIR, temperature controlled environment, evacuated optics bench
- Modified to include second aperture, between interferometer output and sample cell. This substantially reduces both "ghosting" and warm aperture effects.
- Spectral range: 6,500 to 600 cm^{-1} (1.534 to 16.667 microns)
- Instrumental resolution based on maximum interferometer displacement is 0.112 cm^{-1}
- Spectral interval after 2X zero-filling interferogram and FFT: 0.06 cm^{-1}
- Interferogram zero-fill: 2X
- Apodization: Boxcar
- Phase correction: Mertz
- Beam splitter: Potassium bromide (KBr)
- IR source: Carbide glowbar (22 V)
- Scanner velocity: 60KHz (HeNe crossing frequency)
- Number of interferograms averaged per single channel spectra: 256
- Detector: Mid-band HgCdTe, photoconductive, 77K operation
- Folding limits: 15798 to 0 cm^{-1}

Post Processing and Related Parameters-

- Non-linearity detector correction (Bruker proprietary) applied to interferogram ($\tau = 0.85$, $\nu = 530$)
- Composite spectrum created from 8 individual absorbance (base-10) spectra via classical least squares fit: Intercept=0, slope is fitted, individual absorbance values weighted by T^2 (transmission squared), all absorbance values > 1.6 are given zero weight
- Calculated and estimated errors: Type A = 1.59%, Type B = 5%
- Frequency correction (already applied): $V(\text{corrected}) = V(\text{instrument}) * 0.999997 + 5.18 \times 10^{-4}$
- Axis units: X=wavenumbers (cm^{-1}), Y=Absorbance (base-10)
- Trace CO_2 , HF and HCl features removed via spectral subtraction.
- Baseline correction via 9th order polynomial subtraction